





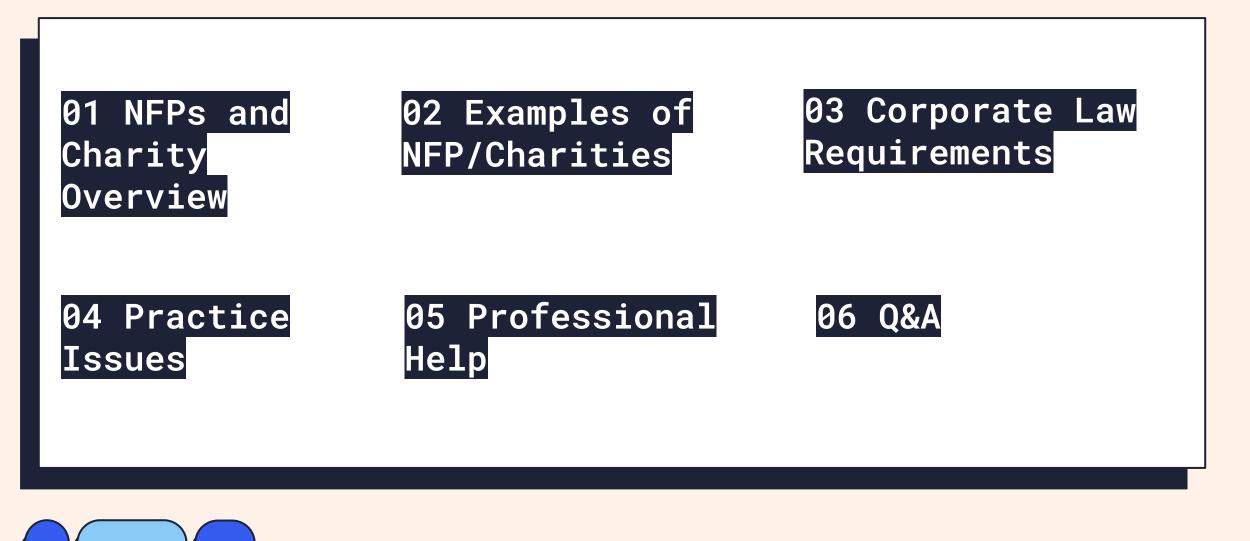
# Hello! I'm Tory

I am a lawyer who specializes in corporate and real estate law.

I run a virtual law firm based in Milton, Ontario.



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# What is a NFP?





## NFP

#### Not for Profit

Carry on activities without the purposes of making a profit

#### An Organization

The organization can be incorporated or unincorporated. We will be working off the assumption that you are or will be incorporated

#### NFP or a Charity

A charity is a NFP, but not all NFPs are charities.



### Differences

#### NFP

- Purposes are not as restrictive
- Can be for private groups
- Incorporation only (no further application required)
- Cannot issue donation receipts
- No Disbursement Quota

#### Charity

- One of Four Purposes Required
- Must promote the public
- Application to CRA post-incorporation
- Can issue donations receipts
- Disbursement Quota

### Similarities NFP and Charities

- Both not for profit
- Minimum of 3 Directors
- Corporate Law
  - $\circ$  Incorporation
  - $\circ$  Post-Incorporation
  - Structure







Members

Appoint the Directors, and approve of Fundamental Decisions (articles of amendment, Bylaw changes, etc)



Directors

Overseeing the affairs of the organization and ensuring it operates in accordance with its mission, values, and legal requirements.



**Officers** 

Appointed by the board and operate the day-to-day of the organization

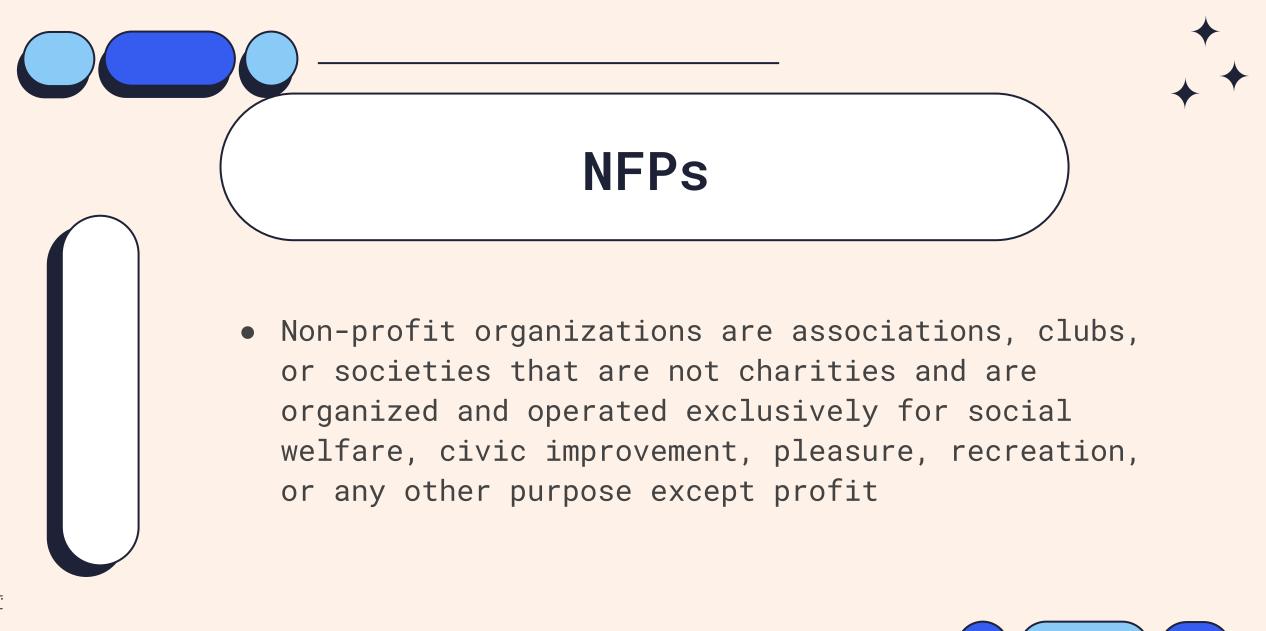






## Examples of NFP and Charities





## NFPs

- Social, recreational, or hobby groups (bridge clubs, curling clubs, and golf clubs)
- Certain amateur sports organizations (hockey associations, baseball leagues, and soccer leagues)
- Certain festival organizations (parades and seasonal celebrations)



### Charities

- Registered charities must have charitable purposes that fall into one of four categories
- Relief of poverty (food banks, soup kitchens, and low-cost housing units)
- 2) Advancement of education (colleges, universities, and research institutes)
- 3) Advancement of religion (places of worship and missionary organizations)
- 4) Purposes beneficial to the community (animal shelters, libraries, and volunteer fire departments)



#### TORONTO HUMANE SOCIETY



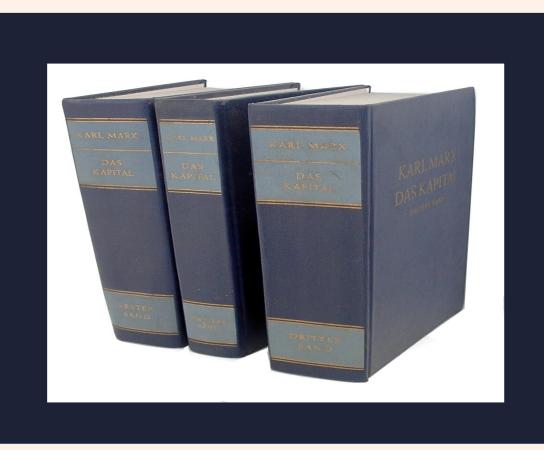






# Corporate Law Requirements of NFPs and Charities





# You are required to have a minute book for your corporation.

### What's in a Minute Book?

Articles of Incorporation

Membership Application Bylaws

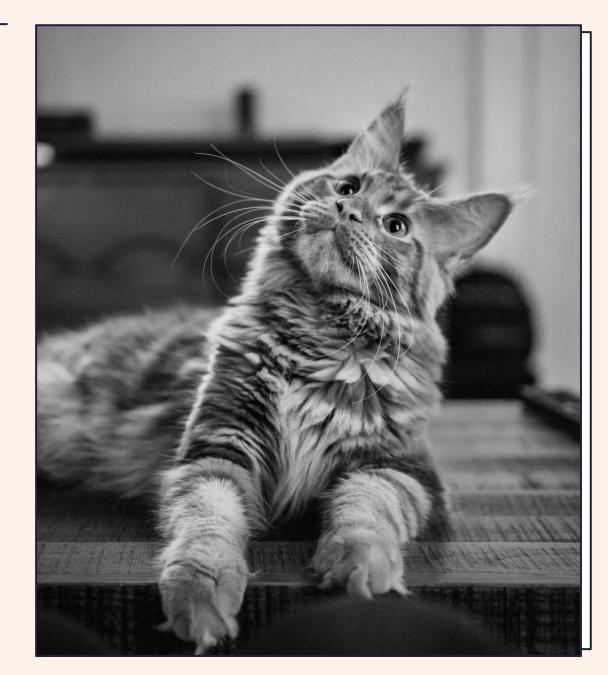
Annual Resolutions

Ledgers

Director Consent

# Directors must consent to the role.

Directors must be at least 18, "capable", not a corporation, and not bankrupt.





### Importance of a Minute Book

#### Compliance

It's required by corporate law and Charity Law

#### Clarity

Provides record of who operates the organization

#### Third Party Requests

Institutions giving grants or loans





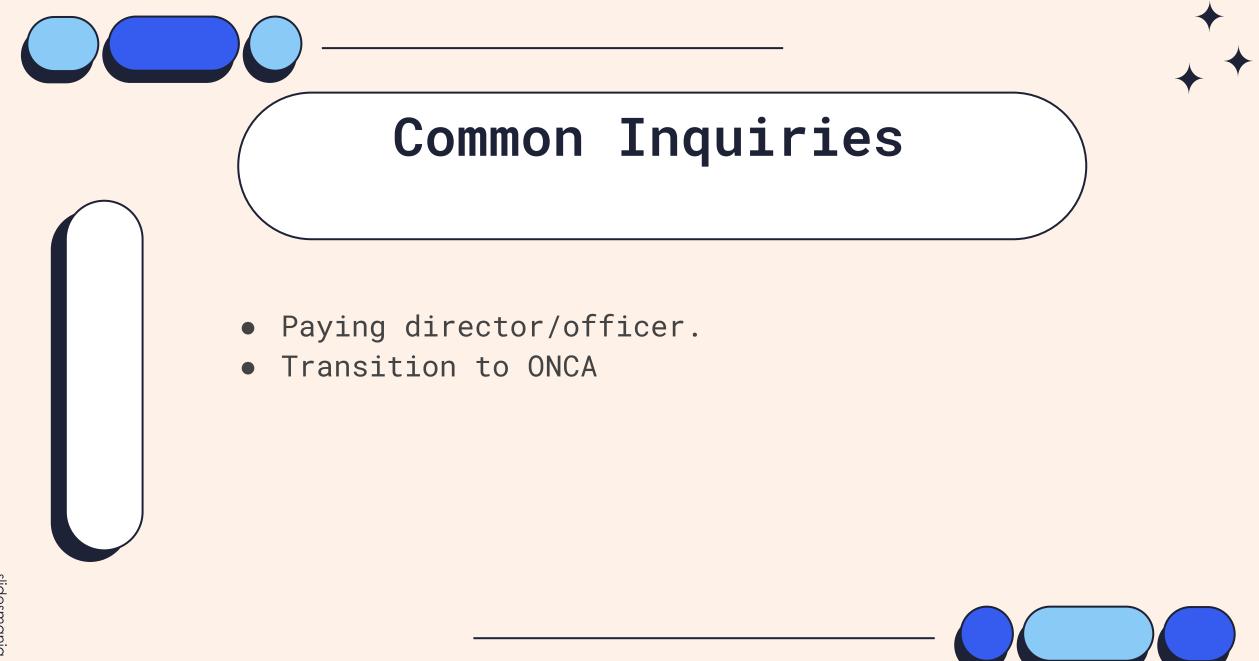
# The NFP must notify the government of any changes.

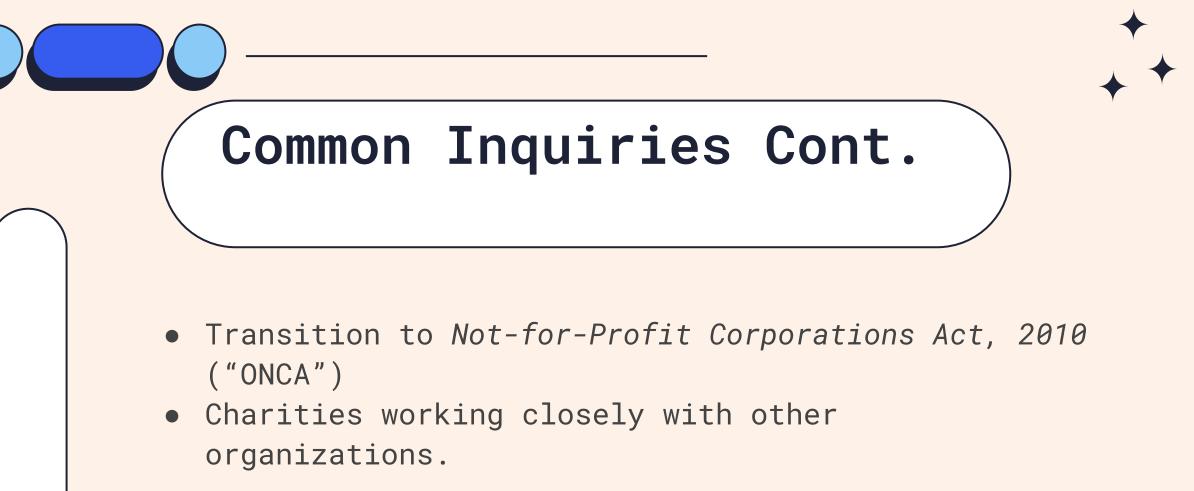




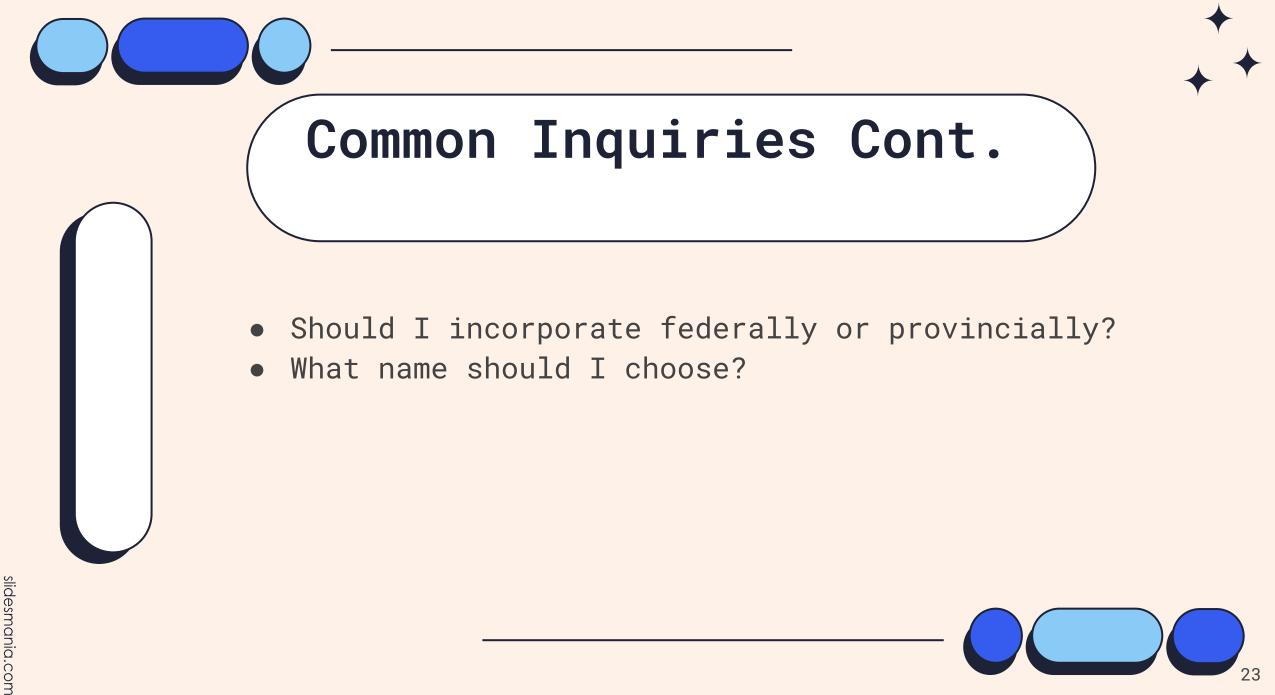
## Practice Issues







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## Did you know?

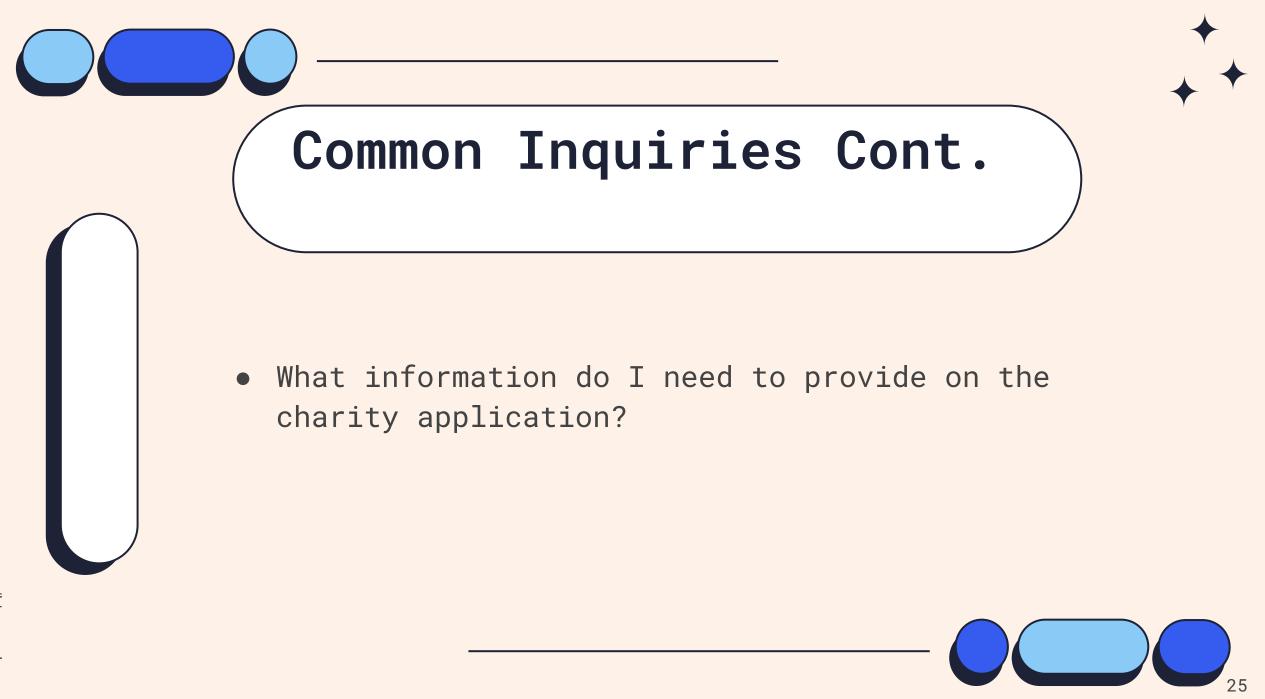
#### Incorporating your business is fast and easy.

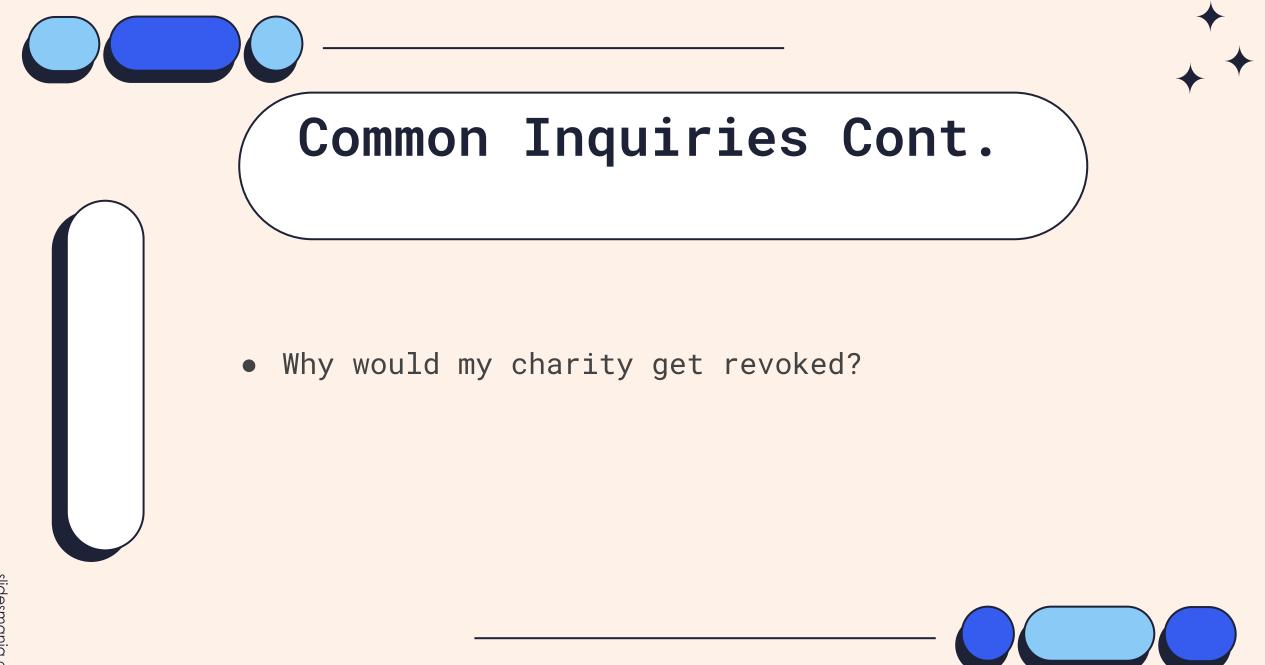
\$200 Government fee (Federal) + NUANS

\$155 Government fee (Provincial) + NUANS

Incorporations take 1-2 days.





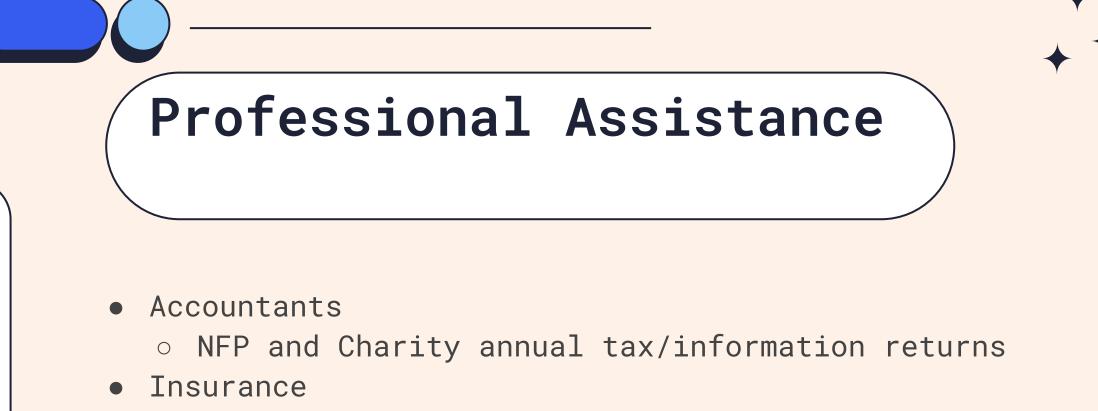






## Professional Assistance





- Grants
- Licenses



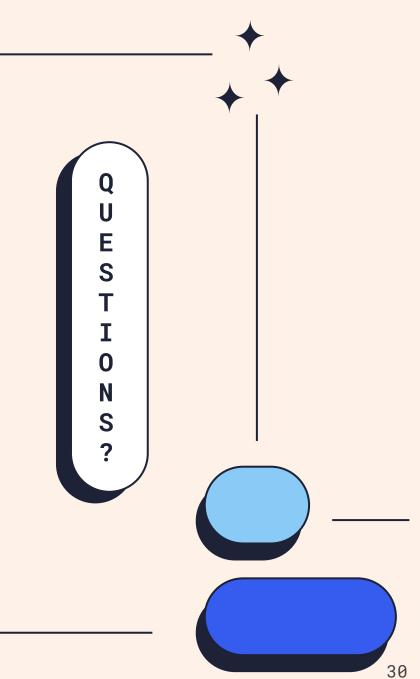
## Lawyers can help structure your business, keep your minute book organized, and protect your business.







#### Anything you want to ask?





# Thank you!

Ready to incorporate your not-for-profit? Reach out!

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AULD LAW

